



Ozone & GAC: Maximizing Synergistic Effects for Micropollutant Removal in Wastewater

British Water Micropollutant Conference 2024

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Ozone & GAC: Maximizing Synergistic Effects for Micropollutant Removal in Wastewater

AGENDA

What we will cover today:

- Veolia / Ozonia / Curio Introduction
- Comparison of Ozone “versus” AC
- Example of the Combination
- Summary of the synergistic Effects
- Questions

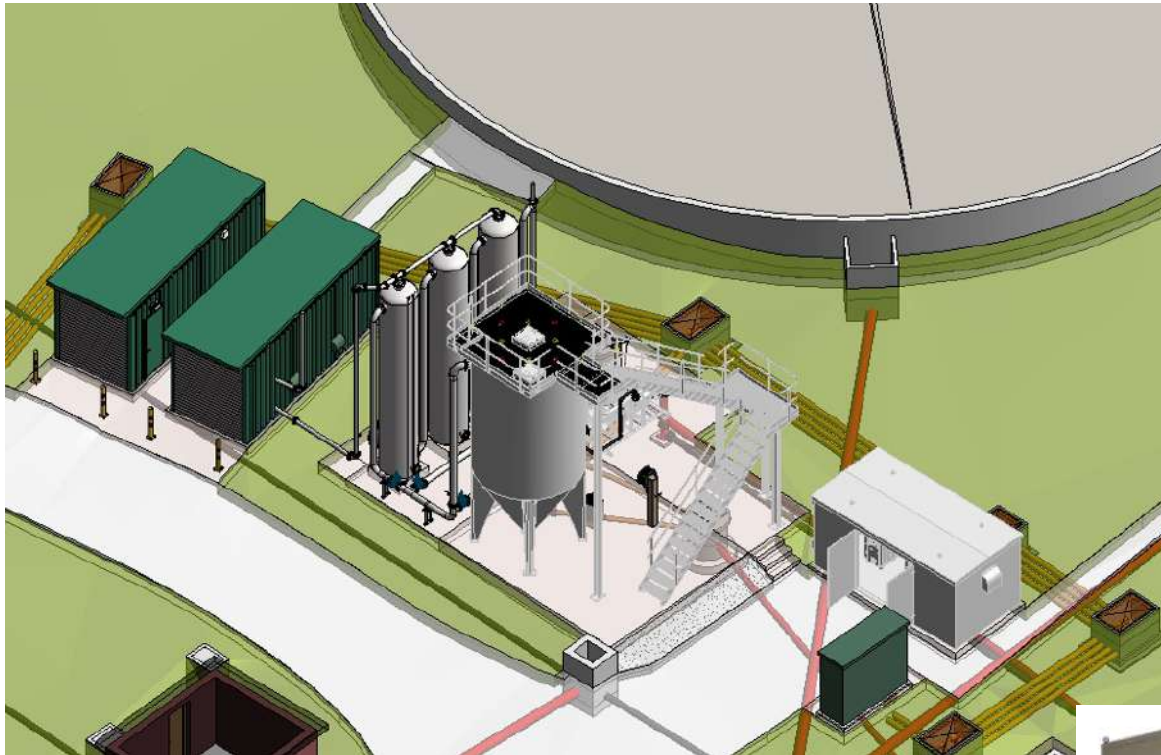
Who are we?

Ozone Technology Support in the UK

	Global leader of ecological transformation providing solutions for energy, waste and water
Veolia Water Technologies & Solutions	Technology provider for water and process solutions for the ecological transformation
	The Veolia brand for disinfection & purification solutions using ozone and UV
	Ozonio's partner in the UK with engineering, execution and service capabilities

Veolia – Ozonia - Curio

First Micropollutant Removal Systems in the UK



Ozonia CFS ozone generator inside



SEVERN

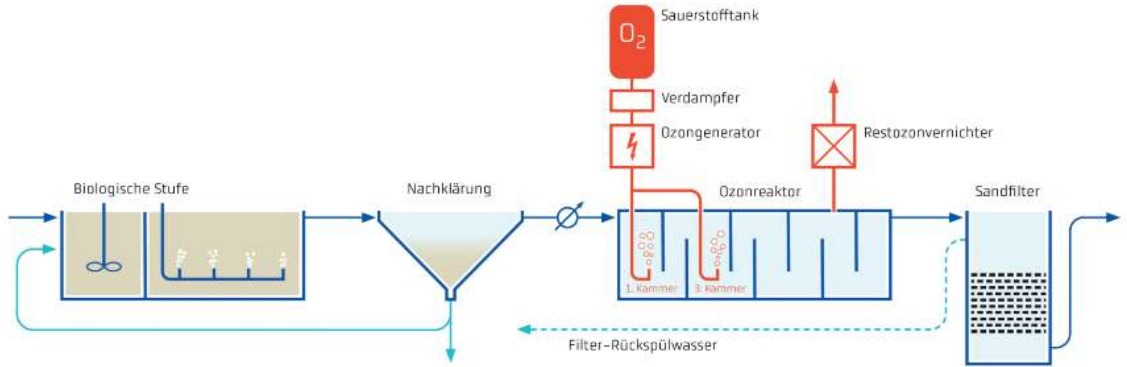
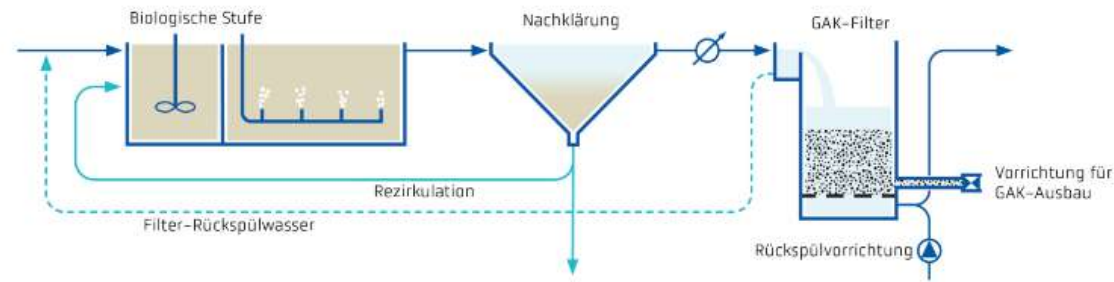
TRENT

Bathing Rivers Project

Sites	Ludlow – 504 m ³ /h Itchen Bank – 414 m ³ /h Frankton – 70 m ³ /h
Micropollutant Removal Goal	80% reduction in <ul style="list-style-type: none">- 1H-benzotriazole- Carbamazepine- Diclofenac- Ibuprofen- Propanolol
Curio Package	Containerized system with O ₃ system, process control, O ₃ dosing and O ₃ destruction

Comparison Ozone “versus” GAC

Process Overview

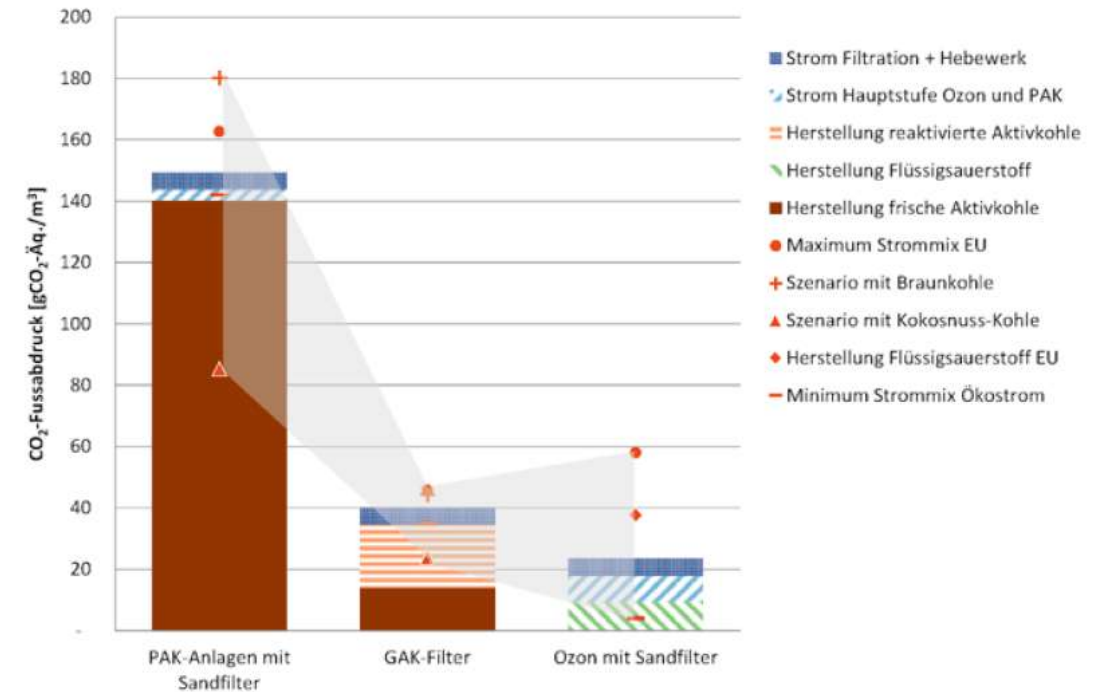
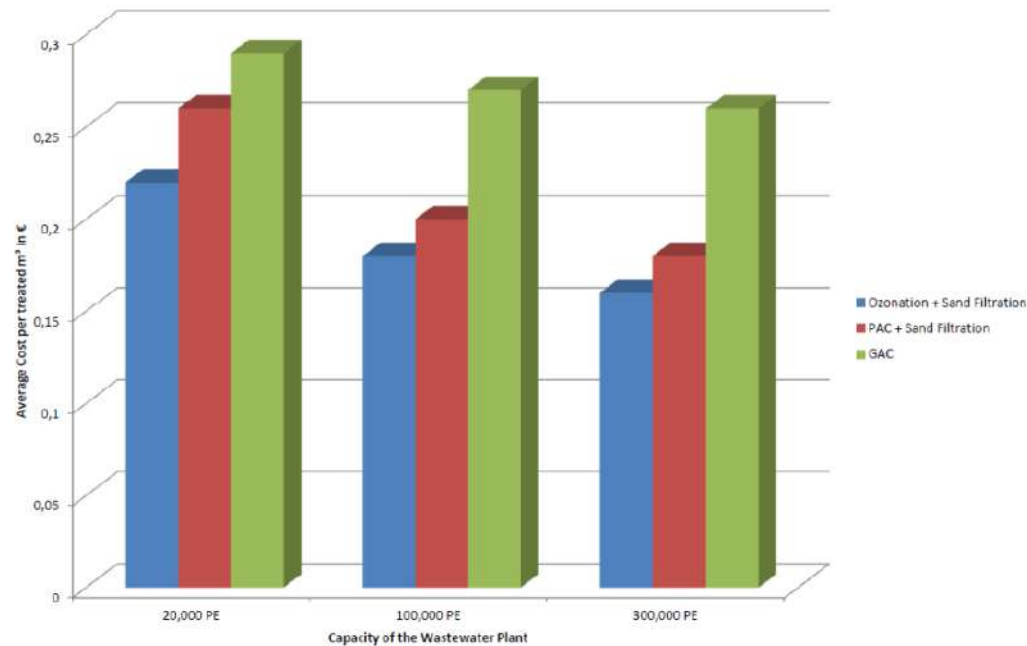
Ozone Treatment	GAC Treatment
<p>Oxidative step</p>  <p>Requires</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ozone generation equipment (oxygen source and generator) - Ozone contact chamber - Downstream BAF 	<p>Adsorptive step</p>  <p>Requires</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Multiple GAC filters - Access for removal/regeneration of GAC

Comparison Ozone “versus” GAC

Process Details

Ozone Treatment	GAC Treatment
Typical ozone dose ~ 0.5 g O ₃ / g DOC	Typical filter velocity 4-7 m/h @ 1.5-2.5 m filter height
Typical HRT ~ 10-15 min for peak flow	Typical Empty Bed Contact Time (EBCT) ~ 20 min for peak flow
OPEX: - Electrical power for O ₃ generation - Oxygen (LOX) or electrical power for oxygen generation (PSA)	OPEX: - Regeneration of GAC (after 20,000 – 30,000 bed voluminal)
Advantages: - Very effective against hydrophilic micropollutants - O ₃ dose adjustment possible	Advantage: - Very effective against hydrophobic micropollutants

Comparison Ozone “versus” GAC TOTEX and Carbon Footprint

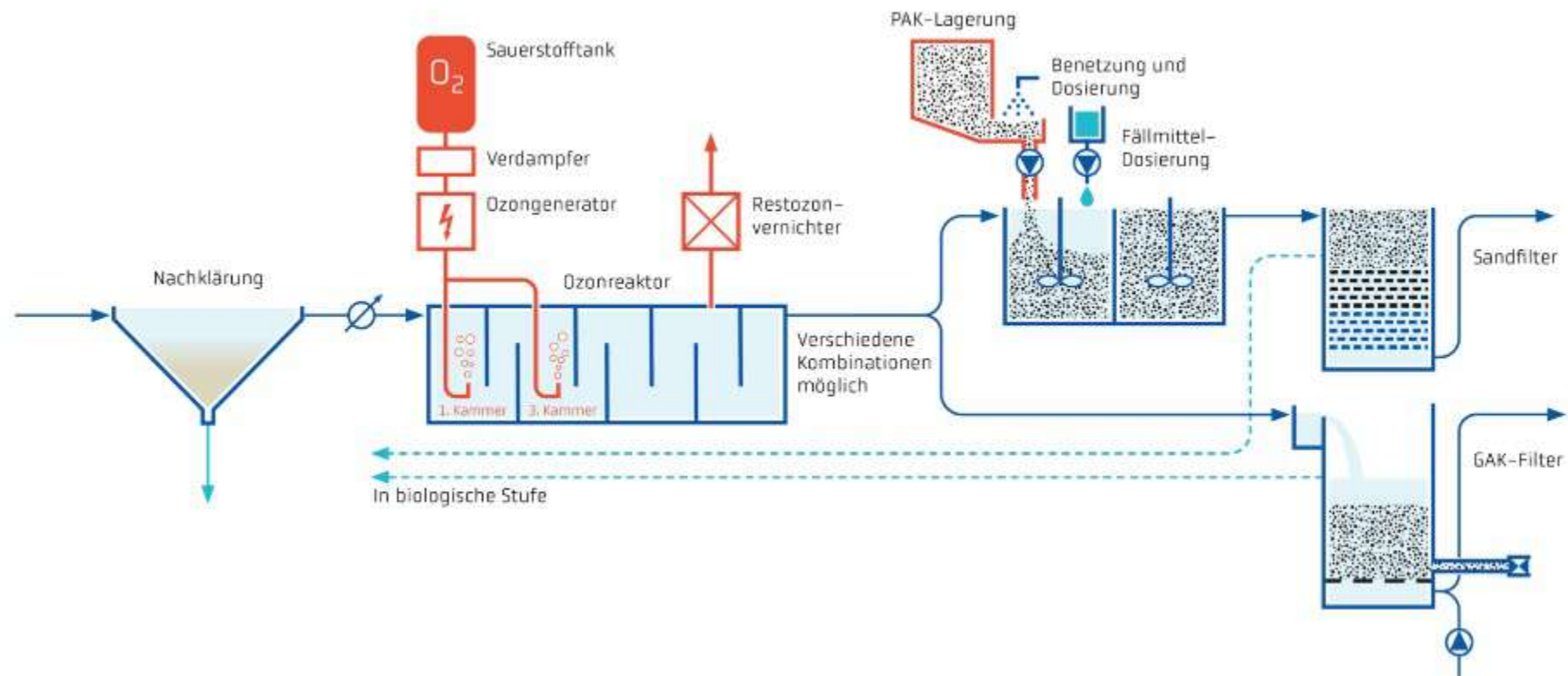


Mulder, M. et al. (2015) Costs of Removal of Micropollutants from Effluents of Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants - General Cost Estimates for the Netherlands based on Implemented Full Scale Post Treatments of Effluents of Wastewater Treatment Plants in Germany and Switzerland.

STOWA and Waterboard the Dommel, The Netherlands

Meier Al.. et al. (2020) Klimafreundlich Gewässer schützen – CO2-Fussabdruck verkleinern bei der Elimination organischer Spurenstoffe auf Kläranlagen Aqua & Gas nr. 2 2020, pages 26-35

Ozone plus GAC Process Schematic



Ozone plus GAC

Example: ARA Altenrhein, Switzerland

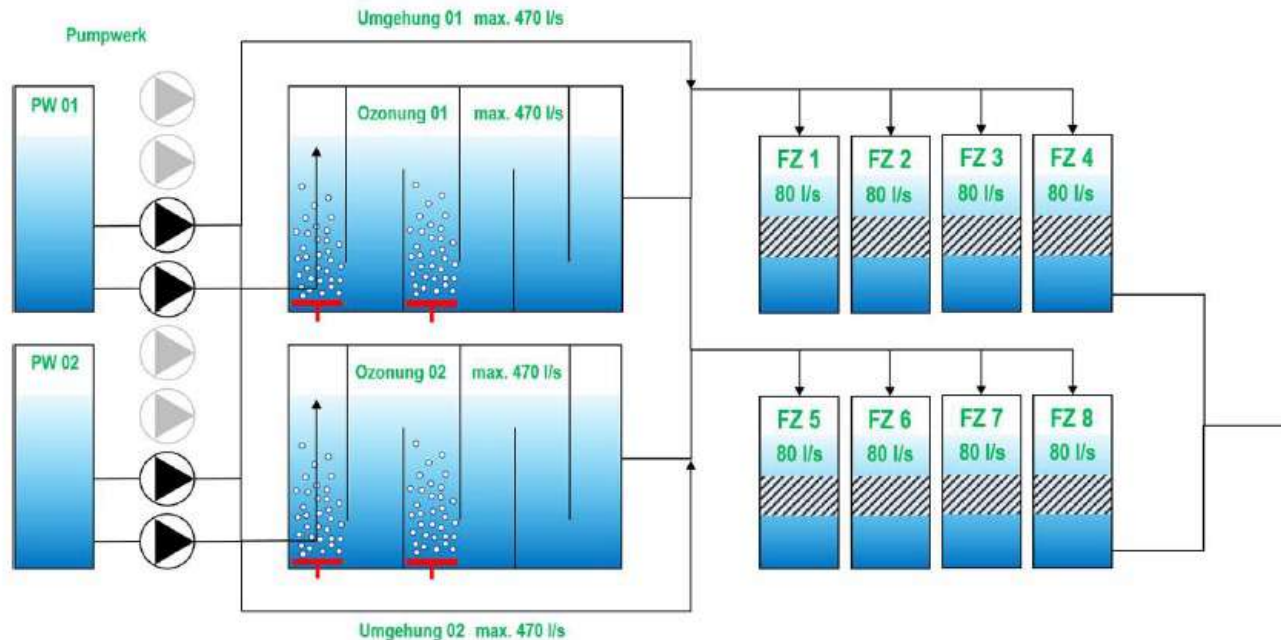
Design Data

Population equivalent	120,000
Flow	
Dry weather	221 l/s = 796 m ³ /h
Max. flow	1,000 l/s = 3,600 m ³ /h
Pre-treatment	Mechanical Biological Filtration
Treatment goal	80% removal of “Swiss” indicator substances for micropollutant
O ₃ + GAC operational	Since 2019



ARA Altenrhein

Detailed Process Information



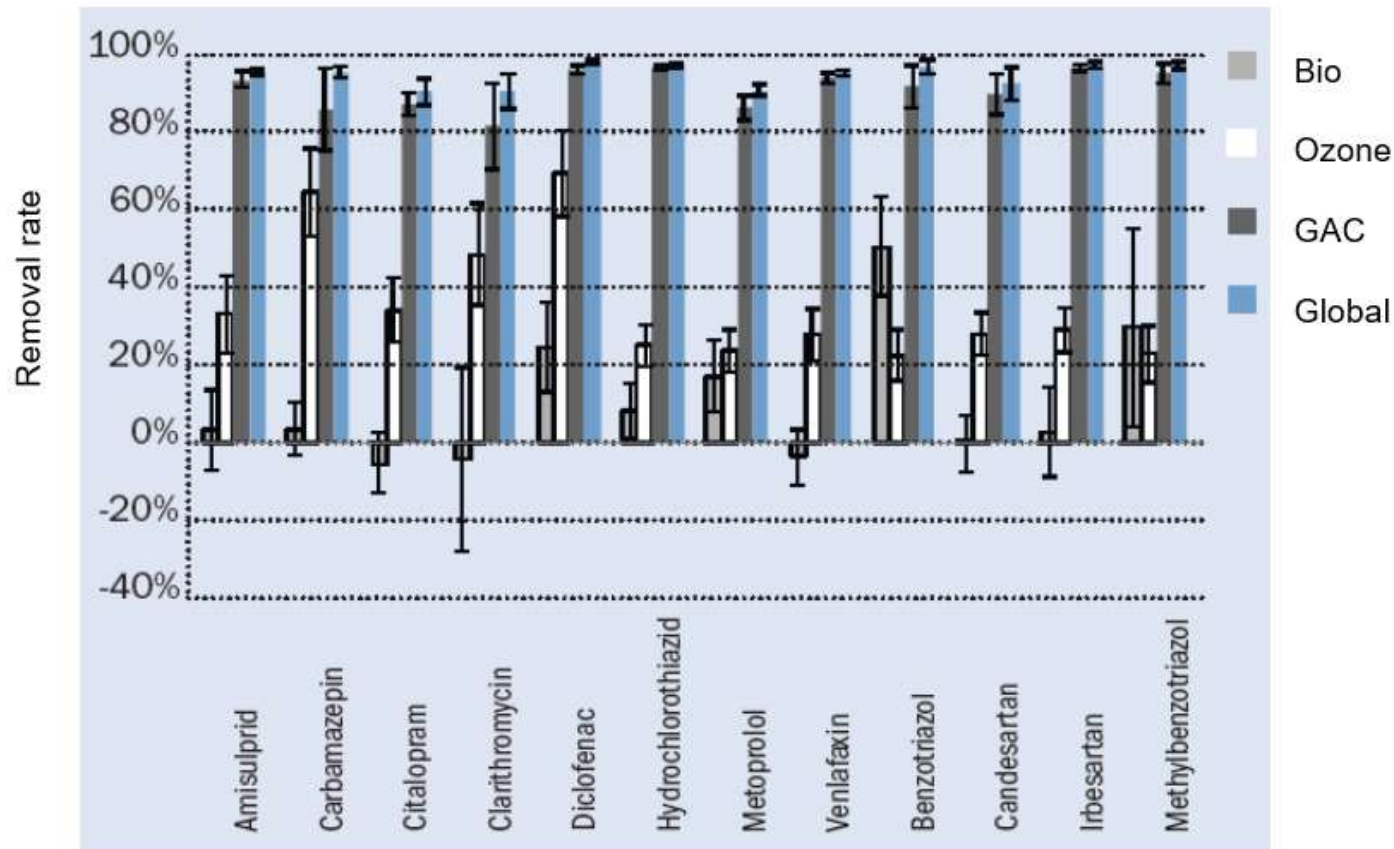
Design Data

Max. flow for O3	470 l/s = 1,692 m³/h
Max. O3 dose rate	3.0 g O3 / m³
Spec. O3 dose rate	Initially 0.3 g O3 / g DOC Now 0.1 g O3 / d DOC
Max. O3 capacity	5.6 kg/h
HRT @ Qmax	15 min (1 reactor)
Ozone reactor	2 x 365 m³ @ 6 m depth
GAC filters	8 (7 duty, 1 stand-by)
Max. filter velocity	5.85 m/h
GAC height	1.5 m (47 m² per filter)
EBCT	15 – 40 min

ARA Altenrhein

Results

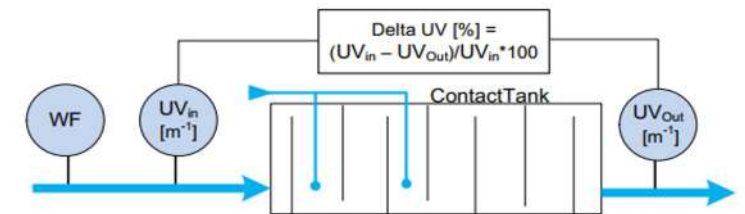
Average Removal Rates in 2020: 95%!



2021: 91% removal

2022: 88% removal

Process optimization due to Delta UV control:

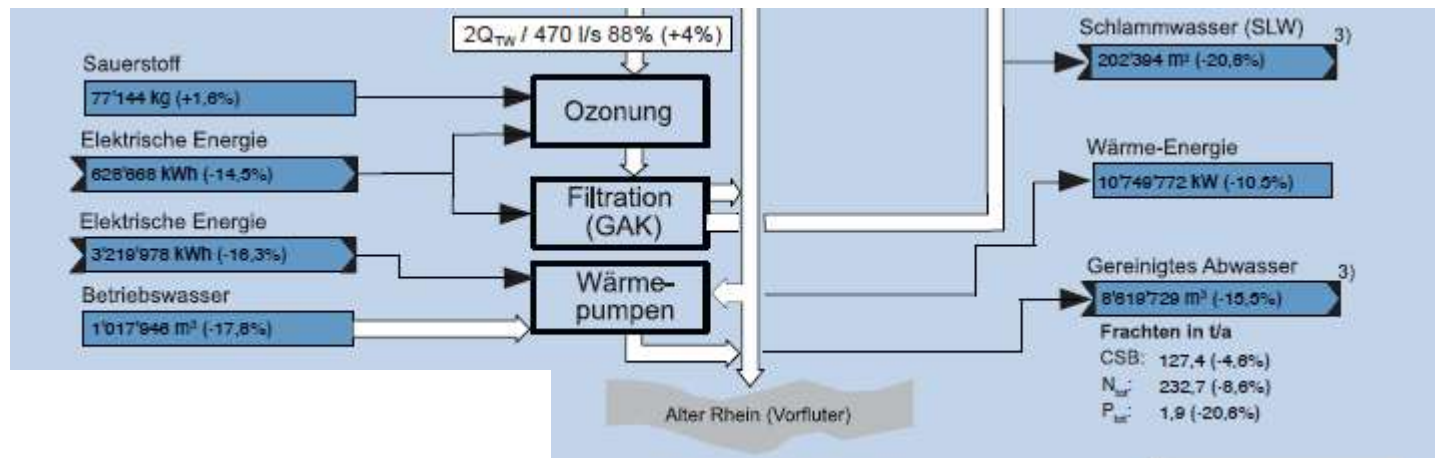


=> O3 dose ~ 0.1 g O3 / g DOC

ARA Altenrhein

Costs & Benefits

Costs 2022:



Electrical consumption: 0.073 kWh/m³

LOX consumption: 0.009 kg/m³

for 88% micropollutant removal

Big Benefit:

Extension of GAC lifetime!

Initially expected lifetime ~3 years

Now > 6 years!



Ozone & GAC

Conclusions

1. Ozone and GAC are often seen as “either or”
2. Due to different reactions, they each address different micropollutants species better than the other
3. A combination O₃+GAC leads to a much more resilient process
4. A combination of O₃+GAC allows a reduction in O₃ dose (savings in CAPEX and OPEX)
5. A combination of O₃+GAC allows for an extension of GAC life (savings in OPEX)

=> A logical choice for a longterm vision of micropollutant removal

Ozonias Plant of the Month



Ara Neugut, Switzerland

First Swiss wastewater plant with a micropollutant removal step selects Ozonia ozone!

Overview

Plant Capacity:	150,000 population equivalents
Flow Rates:	90-660 l/s (2-15 MGD)
Production Capacity:	11 kg O ₃ /h total (~580 ppd)
Treatment Goal:	micropollutant removal
Scope of Supply:	2 Ozonia CFV-5 Generators 2 Ozone destruct units IK-40

Performance

The ozone amount is controlled by a Δ UVA measurement. The ozone concentration is on average 6%. Subject to water and diffusor quality, the specific ozone dose is ~0.38 to 0.42 g O₃/g DOC. Neugut removes 82% \pm 2% of the specified micropollutants constant basis.

*Trademark of Veolia; may be registered in one or more countries.



Ozonias Plant of the Month



ARA Morgental, Switzerland

Since January 2022, the combined wastewater flows of ARA Hofen and ARA Morgental are treated with ozone followed by a filtration step in order to remove > 80% of the micropollutants regulated by the Swiss discharge requirements.

Overview

Wastewater flow rate:	max. 900 l/s (20.6 MGD)
Ozone capacity:	30.3 kg ozone per hour total liquid oxygen
Ozone generator:	two Ozonia M-20 generators
Treatment goal:	micropollutant removal

Performance

The equipment is sized to provide a max 15.9 mg/l of ozone at a max dry weather flow rate of 533 l/s. The variable dose rate is controlled by Delta UV – difference in UV absorption pre and post the ozone step – in a broad range of 4-10 mg/l of ozone. The two contact chambers (total 200 dome) is the



Equipment and instrumentation to implement the use of Delta UV ozone dosage control



The treated effluent is discharged directly into Lake Constance

Logo and aerial view with the kind permission of ARA Morgental

ELIQUO | STULZ

© by Eliquo Stulz



Ozonia ozone generators M12



Source: <https://um.baden-wuerttemberg.de/de/presse-service/pressemitteilung/pd/patensich-fuer-neue-reinigungsstufe-der-klaeranlage-in-tuebingen>



Ozone destruct units DTCV-200

Ozonias Plant of the Month

Nykvarnsverket WWTP, Linköping (Sweden)

Following a pilot study in 2014, Tekniska verken i Linköping AB implemented the ozone system for micropollutant removal in 2017. The ozone contact chamber with a radial diffusor is located after the activated sludge process and prior to MBBR reactors for nitrification & denitrification.

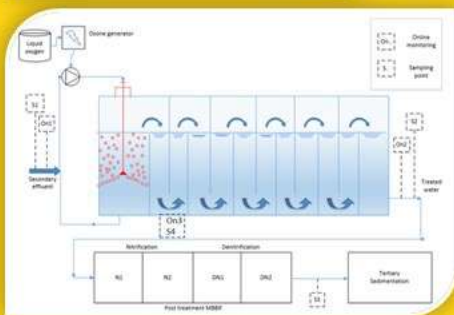
Overview

Plant capacity:	3,000 m ³ /h (19.1 MGD)
Ozone capacity:	max. 20 kg ozone per hour total (1,060 ppd)
Ozone generator:	Ozonia CFV30

Performance

A variety of tests were conducted to determine the best performance at lowest operating costs (details can be found at CWPharma website). To obtain average 80% reduction of selected micropollutants, a required specific ozone dose of 0.55 mg ozone/mg DOC, N corr was determined. The OPEX of the treated water is ~ 0.013 €/m³.

*Trademark of Veolia; may be registered in one or more countries.



Source: "Retrofitting ozonation into existing plants" by Robert Sehlén, 2019

Tuebingen Sewage Treatment Plant, Germany

The federal state of Baden-Wuerttemberg is actively supporting the installation of a 4th wastewater treatment step to remove micropollutants. In 2021, the largest ozone installation in the state for this application was successfully commissioned. For the treatment plant at Tuebingen, Eliquo Stulz combined the Ozonia ozone system with downstream sand filtration ensuring that the river Neckar receives an effluent with drastically reduced traces of medicines, hormones, and other chemicals.

Overview

Flow rate:	max. 2,880 m ³ /h (18.3 MGD)
Ozone capacity:	20 kg ozone per hour total
Ozone generator:	two Ozonia generators (2 x M12)
Treatment goal:	micropollutant removal, disinfection

Performance

Ozone is produced from liquid oxygen (LOX) at a concentration of 9.5% by weight. Dome diffusers are used to bring the ozone in contact with the effluent water at an adjustable dose between 0.7 – 7.0 g/m³. Any residual ozone in the off-gas from the contact chambers is safely converted back into oxygen with two ozone destructors type DTCV-200.

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MANY THANKS!
For more solutions, please visit:
<https://www.watertechnologies.com/lp-ozonia-featured-plants>